

FORM 700 1996-97

Statement of Economic Interests

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INTRODUCTION

The Political Reform Act (the Act) (Government Code Sections 81000-91015) requires most state and local government officials and employees to publicly disclose their personal assets and income. They must also disqualify themselves from participating in decisions which may affect their personal financial interests. The Fair Political Practices Commission (FPPC) is the state agency responsible for issuing the attached Statement of Economic Interests, Form 700, and for interpreting the law's provisions.

Statements of economic interests are public documents. The filing officer must permit any member of the public to inspect and copy any statement during normal business hours.

Individuals required to file Form 700 should also be aware of the following:

Gift Prohibition

Most state and local officials, employees and candidates (including judicial candidates) are prohibited from accepting gifts aggregating more than \$290 in a calendar year from a single source.

In addition, <u>state</u> officials, state candidates and certain state employees are subject to a \$10 limit per calendar month on gifts from lobbyists and lobbying firms registered with the Secretary of State.

See the Appendix for more detailed information.

Honorarium Ban

Most state and local officials, employees and candidates (including judicial candidates) are prohibited from accepting any honorarium for any speech given, article published, or attendance at a conference, convention, meeting or like gathering.

See the Appendix for more detailed information.

Judges are subject to gift limits and are prohibited from accepting any honorarium under Section 170.9 of the Code of Civil Procedure. Section 170.9 is interpreted and enforced by the Commission on Judicial Performance.

Disqualification

Public officials are, under certain circumstances, required to disqualify themselves from making, participating in, or attempting to influence governmental decisions which will affect their financial interests. This may include interests they are not required to disclose (e.g., certain sources of income of \$250 or more are not reportable, but may be disqualifying).

Post-Governmental Employment

Members of the State Legislature and certain state agency officials and employees who leave office are subject to restrictions on representing clients or employers before their former agencies.

Enforcement

The filing officer who retains the originally signed statement of economic interests filed by an official or employee may impose a fine for any statement that is filed late. The fine is \$10 per day, beginning the day after the filing deadline, up to a maximum of \$100. Late filing penalties can be reduced or waived under certain circumstances.

The FPPC (and in certain cases the Attorney General or district attorney) may initiate investigations with respect to a suspected violation of the Act. For more information on enforcement procedures, refer to the Appendix. The FPPC has a toll-free number to report violations: 1-800-561-1861.

For assistance concerning prohibitions, restrictions, and enforcement under the Act:

- Call the FPPC at (916) 322-5660.
- Obtain the following FPPC publications:
 - -- Guide to California's Conflict of Interest Law
 - -- Fact Sheet on Gifts, Honoraria and Travel
 - -- Fact Sheet on Post-Governmental Employment

WHO FILES

There are two types of filers who must file statements of economic interests:

1. Officials and Candidates Specified in Government Code Section 87200

The Act requires the following individuals to fully disclose the personal assets and income described in the attached Form 700:

State Offices

- Governor
- Lieutenant Governor
- Attorney General
- Controller
- Insurance Commissioner
- Secretary of State
- Treasurer
- Members of the State Legislature
- Superintendent of Public Instruction
- State Board of Equalization Members
- Public Utilities Commissioners
- State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commissioners
- State Coastal Commissioners
- Fair Political Practices Commissioners

Judicial Offices

- Supreme, Appellate, Superior, and Municipal Court Judges
- Court Commissioners
- Retired Judges, Pro-Tem Judges and parttime Court Commissioners who serve or expect to serve 30 days or more in a calendar year

County and City Offices

- Members of Boards of Supervisors
- Mayors and Members of City Councils
- · Chief Administrative Officers
- District Attorneys
- County Counsels
- City Attorneys
- City Managers
- Planning Commissioners
- County and City Treasurers
- County and City Public Officials (including employees and consultants) Who Manage Public Investments

2. State and Local Officials and Employees Designated in a Conflict of Interest Code

The Act requires every state and local government agency to adopt a conflict of interest code. The code lists each position within the agency filled by individuals who make or participate in making governmental decisions which could affect their personal financial interests. The code also requires individuals holding those positions to periodically file Form 700 disclosing certain personal financial interests.

These individuals are called "designated employees" or "code filers." In addition, certain consultants to public agencies qualify as code filers because they make or participate in making governmental decisions.

Each conflict of interest code is unique and contains "disclosure categories" setting out the specific types of interests employees in each designated position must disclose.

It is important when completing this form to review your disclosure category, which can be obtained from your agency. In general, officials and employees with broad decisionmaking authority must disclose more interests than employees in positions with limited discretion. For example, you may be required to disclose only investments in or income from businesses of the type that contract with your agency, or you may not be required to disclose real property interests.

Note:

 An official who holds a position specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 is not required to file statements under the conflict of interest code of any agency which has the same or a smaller jurisdiction (e.g., a state legislator who also sits on a state or local board or commission not specified in Section 87200).

WHERE TO FILE

WHEN TO FILE

Officials Specified in Government Code Section 87200 (listed on page 2):

State Offices:

File with your agency.

Exception: File Candidate Statements with the registrar of voters/county clerk of the county in which you file your declaration of candidacy.

Judicial Offices:

File with the clerk of your court.

Exception: Retired judges file directly with the FPPC.

County Offices:

File with your county clerk.

Exception: File Candidate Statements with the registrar of voters or other official with whom you file your declaration of candidacy.

City Offices:

File with your city clerk.

In most cases, the filing officials listed above will retain a copy of your statement and forward the original to the FPPC.

Code Filers -- State and Local Officials and Employees Designated in a Conflict of Interest Code:

File with your agency, board or commission unless otherwise specified in your agency's conflict of interest code. In most cases, the agency, board or commission will retain the statements.

State Senate and Assembly staff members file statements directly with the FPPC.

Assuming Office and Initial Statements:

Filer

Deadline

Elected officials

30 days after assuming

office

Appointed positions specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 (listed on page 2) 10 days after assuming office (10 days after appointment or nomination if subject to Senate or judicial confirmation)

Other appointed positions (including newly hired employees)designated in a conflict of interest code **30 days** after assuming office (30 days after appointment or nomination if subject to Senate confirmation)

Positions newlyadded to a new or amended conflict of interest code 30 days after the effective date of the code or amendment

Exceptions:

- Elected state officers who assume office in December or January are not required to file an assuming office statement, but will file the next annual statement due.
- If you are re-elected or re-appointed to an office or position, without a break in service, you are not required to file an assuming office statement. Instead, you may file the next annual statement due.
- If you hold an office specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 (listed on page 2) and, without a break in service, you assume another office or position specified in Section 87200 which has the same jurisdiction (e.g., a city planning commissioner is elected mayor), you are not required to file an assuming office statement. Instead, you may file the next annual statement due.
- If you transfer from one designated position to another designated position within the same agency, contact your filing officer or the FPPC to determine your filing obligations.

WHEN TO FILE Continued

Annual Statements:

- Elected state officers (including members of the State Legislature),
- Judges and court commissioners, and
- Members of state boards and commissions specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 (listed on page 2)

must file no later than **Monday**, **March 3**, **1997**. The statutory deadline, March 1, 1997, falls on a Saturday, which extends the deadline to the next business day.

 County and city officials specified in Gov. Code Section 87200

must file no later than Tuesday, April 1, 1997.

 State and local officials and employees designated in a conflict of interest code

must file on the date prescribed in the code (April 1 for most filers).

Exception:

If you assumed office between October 1, 1996 and December 31, 1996, and filed an assuming office statement, you are not required to file an annual statement until March 1, 1998 or April 1, 1998, whichever is applicable. The annual statement will cover the day after you assumed office through December 31, 1997.

Leaving Office Statements:

Leaving office statements must be filed no later than 30 days after leaving the office or position.

Exceptions:

 If you are re-elected or re-appointed to an office or position, without a break in service, you are not required to file a leaving office statement. Instead, you may file the next annual statement due.

- If you hold an office specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 (see page 2) and, without a break in service, you assume another office or position specified in Section 87200 which has the same jurisdiction (e.g., a city planning commissioner is elected mayor), you are not required to file a leaving office statement. Instead, you may file the next annual statement due.
- If you transfer from one designated position to another designated position within the same agency, contact your filing officer or the FPPC to determine your filing obligations.

Candidate Statements:

Candidate statements must be filed no later than the final filing date for your declaration of candidacy.

Exceptions:

- If you have filed an assuming office or annual statement for the same jurisdiction within 60 days before filing a declaration of candidacy, you are not required to file a candidate statement.
- For elective offices designated in an agency's conflict of interest code, you must file a candidate statement only if the code specifically requires one to be filed.

INSTRUCTIONS - COVER PAGE

Enter your name, mailing address, and daytime telephone number. You may list your business/office address instead of your home address.

Part 1. Office, Agency or Court

- Enter the name of your office, agency, or court. (Examples: Board of Supervisors; Office of the Mayor; Department of Finance; Hope County Superior Court.)
- Indicate the name of your division, board or district, if applicable. (Examples: Division of Waste Management; Board of Accountancy; District 45.)
- Enter your position title. (Examples: Director; Chief Counsel; Staff Services Analyst.)
- Check the box to indicate if you are filing this statement because your position is designated in a state or local agency's conflict of interest code. Before completing this form, carefully review your disclosure category, which is contained in the conflict of interest code. Your disclosure category can be obtained from your agency.

If your position is specified in Gov. Code Section 87200 (listed on page 2), check "No."

 If you have multiple filing obligations (e.g., a city councilperson who also is a member of a county board or commission), you may be required to file statements with each agency.

To simplify your reporting obligations, you may file an <u>expanded statement</u>.

Enter the name of the other agency(ies) with which you file and your position title in the space provided. Attach an additional sheet if necessary. Complete one statement covering the disclosure requirements for all positions and file a copy with each agency. Each copy must contain an original signature.

Part 2. Office Jurisdiction

The jurisdiction of your agency is important in determining what you must disclose. You are required to disclose investments and sources of income located in or doing business in your agency's jurisdiction (see Appendix), and interests in real property located in your agency's jurisdiction.

Check the box indicating the jurisdiction of your agency as follows:

State jurisdiction: Your jurisdiction is the state if you are an elected state officer, a state legislator, a judge, or a candidate for one of these offices. If you are an official or employee of, or a consultant to, a state board, commission or agency, or of any court or the State Legislature, your jurisdiction is also the state.

County jurisdiction: Your jurisdiction is the county if you are an elected county officer, a candidate for county office, or if you are an official or employee of, or a consultant to, a county agency or any agency with jurisdiction solely within a single county. Also enter your county of jurisdiction.

<u>City jurisdiction</u>: Your jurisdiction is the city if you are an elected city officer, a candidate for city office, or you are an official or employee of, or a consultant to, a city agency or any agency with jurisdiction solely within a single city. Also enter your city of jurisdiction.

Multi-County jurisdiction: If you are an elected officer, candidate, official or employee of, or a consultant to, a multi-county agency, your jurisdiction is the region, district or other geographical area in which the agency has jurisdiction. Also enter the counties in which your agency has jurisdiction.

INSTRUCTIONS - COVER PAGE Continued

Part 3. Type of Statement

The type of statement you are filing determines the period covered by the statement. Check at least one box indicating the type of statement you are filing.

If you are filing under a state or local agency's conflict of interest code, be sure to obtain a copy of your disclosure category from your agency to determine what you must disclose.

Assuming Office Statement: If you are a newly-elected or newly-appointed official or are newly employed in a position designated in a state or local agency's conflict of interest code, check the "Assuming Office/Initial" box and enter the date you assumed office (the date you were sworn in, employed, or otherwise authorized to serve in the position). Also check the circle indicating if you are elected or appointed.

 Report investments, interests in real property and, if applicable, business positions held on the date you assumed the office or position.
 In addition, report income received during the 12 months prior to the date you assumed the office or position.

For positions subject to confirmation by the State Senate or the Commission on Judicial Performance, use the date you were appointed or nominated to the position.

Initial Statement: If your office or position has been added to a <u>newly-adopted or newly-amended</u> conflict of interest code, check the "Assuming Office/Initial" box and enter the effective date of the code or amendment, whichever is applicable.

 Report investments, interests in real property and business positions held on the effective date of the code or amendment. In addition, report income received during the 12 months <u>prior</u> to the effective date of the code or amendment. Annual Statement: Check the "Annual" box and check the circle indicating the period covered. If the period covered by the statement is different than January 1, 1996 through December 31, 1996 (e.g., you assumed office between October 1, 1995 and December 31, 1996, or you are combining statements), enter the period covered.

 Report investments, interests in real property and, if applicable, business positions held and income received during the period covered by the statement.

Leaving Office Statement: If you have left the position, check the "Leaving Office" box and enter the date you left office. Also check the circle to indicate the period covered. If the period covered is different than January 1, 1996 through the date you left office (e.g., you assumed office between October 1, 1995 and December 31, 1996, or you are combining statements), enter the period covered.

 Report investments, interests in real property and, if applicable, business positions held and income received during the period covered by the statement.

<u>Candidate Statement</u>: If you are filing a statement in connection with your candidacy for state or local office, check the "Candidate" box.

 Report investments, interests in real property and, if applicable, business positions held on the date of filing your declaration of candidacy. In addition, disclose income received during the 12 months <u>prior to</u> the date of filing your declaration of candidacy.

Combining Statements: Certain types of statements can be combined. For example, if you leave office after January 1 but before the deadline for filing your annual statement, you may be able to combine your annual and leaving office statements. Consult your filing officer or the FPPC at (916) 322-5660.

INSTRUCTIONS – COVER PAGE Continued

Part 4. Schedule Summary

Check either the "No" or the "Yes" box for each schedule of the form indicating whether you had any interests to disclose. (Please do not attach to your statement any schedule on which you have nothing to report.)

Also indicate the number of pages attached to your statement, or check the box "None" if you have nothing to report on any of the schedules.

Part 5. Verification

Complete the verification by signing the statement and entering the date signed. An unsigned statement is considered unfiled and you may be subject to late filing penalties.

REMINDERS:

- When completing Form 700, keep the following key points in mind:
 - The period covered by the statement (as determined by the type of statement you are filing);
 - -- Your agency's jurisdiction (see page 5 and the Appendix for assistance); and
 - -- If you are filing under a state or local agency's conflict of interest code, your "disclosure category" (the portion of your agency's conflict of interest code that describes the specific types of interests you must report).
- Copies of your personal investment account or financial statements may not be substituted for completed Form 700 schedules.
- Statements containing 30 pages or less may be faxed by the deadline. However, the original statement must be sent by first-class mail or guaranteed overnight delivery service within 24 hours of the deadline.
- The Form 700 and instructions are available on the internet. The address is http://www.fppc.ca.gov/fppc/

WHAT SCHEDULE DO I USE TO REPORT ...?

Business positions
Commission income Schedule A-2 or Schedule C (see Appendix)
Gifts received by family members
Gifts received from family members Not required, see Schedule E
Income to my business
Individual Retirement Account Schedule A-1 or Schedule A-2 (see Appendix)
Investments
Loans made to others Not required, but report repayments on Schedule C
Loans received
Loans to my business Schedule A-2
Owning a business
If I own less than 10% of the business
Partnerships Sebadulo A-1
If I own less than 10% of the partnership
Real estate holdings Schedule B (Schedule A-2 if held by a business entity/trust)
Rental income
Rental property Schedule B (Schedule A-2 if held by a business entity/trust)
Sale of my home/automobile/boat Schedule C
Sole proprietorship Schedule A-2
Speaking fees ("Honoraria")
Spouse's income Schedule A-2 or Schedule C
Stock holdings
if I own less than 10% of the company's stock
Tickets and Passes
Travel reimbursements or payments
Trusts Schedule A-2 (see Appendix

CALIFORNIA
1996/97 FORM
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMM.

STATEMENT OF ECONOMIC INTERESTS

A Public Document

Please type or print in ink

NAME			and a Thomas	4	DAYTIME TELEPH	ONE NUMBER
MAILING ADDRESS	STREET	CITY	ZIP C	CODE		
. Office, Agen	cy or Court		4. Schedule			
Division, Board, Di	strict, if applicable:		During the representable into	porting perio	d, did you have a	any
Position:		1/8	Schedule A-1 Investments (Les	No No s than 10% Owne	☐ Yes-attach	schedule
			Schedule A-2 Investments (Gre	No No Nater than 10% Ow	Yes-attach	schedule
Yes	covered by a conflict No		Schedule B Real Property	□ No	Yes-attach	schedule
If filing an expa	inded statement list a et if necessary)	gency/position:	Schedule C Income & Busine	☐ No ess Positions (in	Yes-attach	schedule
			Schedule D Income – Loans	□ No	Yes-attach	schedule
046		-1	Schedule E Income – Gifts	□ No	Yes-attach	schedule
	of		Schedule F Income – Travel	☐ No Payments	Yes-attach	schedule
			➤ The number o	f pages att	ached:	
Type of State	ment (Check at leas	st one box)	☐ None (no rep	ortable interests)	Number of p	ages
Assuming Office (Check one) O Elected Official			5. Verification	n		
O Appointed Off Annual (Check one)	icial (includes individuals newly		statement. I ha of my knowled in the attached under penalty	ve reviewed ge the infor schedules i of perjury u	e diligence in protection of the statement and mation contained strue and completed the laws of the la	d to the beside herein and ete. I certify the State of
O The period co December 31,	vered is/	through	Executed on	(month, d	, 19	(year)
Leaving Office (Check one)	Date Left:/	J				
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O The period co	vered is//_aving office.	through				
Candidate					ÿ	

INSTRUCTIONS - SCHEDULES A-1 and A-2 INVESTMENTS

"Investment" means any financial interest in any business entity located in or doing business in your agency's jurisdiction (see Appendix) in which you, your spouse, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest aggregating \$1,000 or more at any time during the reporting period.

Reportable investments include:

- Stocks, bonds, warrants, and options, including those held in margin or brokerage accounts.
- · Business trusts.
- Sole proprietorships.
- · Partnerships (e.g., law firm, family farm, etc.).
- Retirement accounts which hold investments in reportable business entities or real property (see Appendix).
- Investments held by a business entity or trust (including a living trust) in which you, your spouse, or dependent children had a 10% or greater ownership interest.

You are not required to disclose the following:

- Bank accounts, savings accounts, and money market accounts.
- Insurance policies.
- Shares in a credit union.
- Government bonds.
- Diversified mutual funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).
- Retirement accounts invested in non-reportable interests such as insurance policies, diversified mutual funds or government bonds (see Appendix).
- Interests held in a blind trust (see Appendix).

REMINDERS

- Do you know your agency's jurisdiction?
- Did you hold investments at any time during the period covered by this statement?
- Code filers Your code may require disclosure of specific investments only.

Use Schedule A-1 to report investments if your ownership interest in the entity was less than 10% (e.g., utility stock). You may also be required to complete Schedule C.

Use Schedule A-2 to report investments in which your ownership interest in the entity was 10% or greater (e.g., sole proprietorship). (See instructions on the back of Schedule A-2.)

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE A-1:

- Disclose the name of the business entity.
- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity (e.g., pharmaceuticals, computers, automobile manufacturing, communications, etc.).
- Check the box indicating the fair market value of your investment (i.e., how much your investment was worth on the open market at its highest value during the period).
- Identify the nature of your investment (e.g., stocks, warrants, options, bonds).
- If you acquired or disposed of your investment interest during the reporting period, enter the date acquired or disposed.

Examples:

John Smith is a manager for a state agency. His conflict of interest code requires full disclosure of investments. John must disclose his stock holdings of \$1,000 or more in any company that does business in California as well as those held by his spouse and dependent children.

Susan Jones is a city council member. She has a 4% interest in a limited partnership located in the city which is worth \$5,000. Susan must disclose the partnership on Schedule A-1 and income of \$250 or more received from the partnership on Schedule C.

Alice Howard supervises the purchasing department of a governmental agency. She owns stock in a utility company which only does business in New York. Alice is a code filer and her disclosure category requires reporting of investments of the type that supply services or supplies to the agency. She is **not** required to report the utility company stock because the company does not do business in her jurisdiction.

Schedule A-1

Investments

Stocks, Bonds and Other Interests

(Ownership Interest is Less Than 10%)

CALIFORNIA 1996/97 FORM FAIR POLITICAL PRACT	700
Name	
	IDI PUL

GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY	CENERAL RECORDER OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY
FAIR MARKET VALUE	FAIR MARKET VALUE
\$1,000 - \$10,000	\$1,000 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
NATURE OF INVESTMENT	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
Stock	Stock
Other	Other
F APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
ACQUIRED DISPOSED	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	➤ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
r e lle re	
SENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY
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AIR MARKET VALUE	
31.000 - \$10,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE
] \$10,001 - \$100,000	\$1,000 - \$10,000
Over \$100,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
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Stock	Stock
Other	
	Other
APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
ACQUIRED DISPOSED	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
AME OF BUSINESS ENTITY	➤ NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY
ENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY
	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY
IR MARKET VALUE	FAIR MARKET VALUE
\$1,000 - \$10,000	\$1,000 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
Over \$100,000	Over \$100,000
TURE OF INVESTMENT	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
Stock	NATURE OF INVESTMENT Stock
	Stock
Other	Other
APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
//_96/_/96	1 00
ACQUIRED DISPOSED	

INSTRUCTIONS - SCHEDULE A-2 INVESTMENTS

Use Schedule A-2 to report investments in a business entity, trust (including a living trust), or retirement account in which you, your spouse, or your dependent childen had a 10% or greater interest and which is located in or doing business in your agency's jurisdiction (see Appendix). Also report on Schedule A-2 investments and real property held by that entity, trust or retirement account if your pro rata share of the interest was \$1,000 or more.

For example, if you had a 20% partnership interest in a business entity and the entity owns real property, you would report that real property if your pro rata share of the value of the property was \$1,000 or more.

If you have more than one reportable business entity, trust, or retirement account, you must complete a separate Schedule A-2 for each entity and its holdings.

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE A-2:

Part 1. Disclose the name and address of the business entity, trust, or retirement account. If you are reporting an interest in a business entity, complete the box as follows:

- Provide a general description of the business activity of the entity.
- Check the box indicating the fair market value of your investment.
- If you acquired or disposed of this interest during the reporting period, enter the date acquired or disposed.
- · Identify the nature of your investment.
- Code Filers: If you are required to do so under your agency's conflict of interest code, disclose the job title or business position you held with the entity, if any (i.e., if you were a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or held any position of management).

Part 2. Check the box indicating your gross income from a business entity or trust identified in part 1. Include the following:

- Gross Income received from the business entity or trust in the form of salary, wages, reimbursement of expenses, or other compensation (including your community property interest in your spouse's income); and
- If you or your spouse had a 10% or greater ownership interest in the business entity or trust, your pro rata share of the <u>gross</u> income received by the business entity or trust (including your community property interest in your spouse's income).

Part 3. Disclose the name of each source of income located in or doing business in your agency's jurisdiction, as follows:

- Disclose each source of income and loans to the business entity or trust identified in part 1 if your pro rata share of the <u>gross</u> income (including your community property interest in your spouse's income) to the business entity or trust from that source was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period.
- Disclose each individual or entity that was a source of commission income of \$10,000 or more during the reporting period through a business entity identified in part 1 (see Appendix).

You may be required to disqualify yourself from decisions affecting sources of \$250 or more in income, even though you are not required to report it.

Part 4. Report any investments or interests in real property held <u>by</u> the entity, trust, or retirement account identified in part 1 if your pro rata share of the interest held is \$1,000 or more.

- Check the applicable circle indicating if the interest held is real property or an investment. (Use only one box per interest.)
- If real property, report the address or other precise location.
- If an investment, provide the name and description of the business entity.
- Check the box indicating the fair market value of your interest in the real property or investment.
- Identify the nature of your interest.
- If you acquired or disposed of your interest in the property or investment during the reporting period, enter the date acquired or disposed.

Schedule A-2

Investments, Income and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts

CALIFORNIA 1996/97 FORM FAIR POLITICAL PRACT	700 rices comm.
Name	

(Ownership Interest is 10% or Greater)

Leasehold	► 1. BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST	➤ 4. (cont.) Check one circle:
Address Check one Trust, go to 2 Business Entity, complete the dox, then go to 2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: St. 10.00		O REAL PROPERTY
Address Check one	Name	Street edds
City GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY FAIR MARKET VALUE	Address	Street address or precise location
GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY FAIR MARKET VALUE S1,000 - \$100,000	_	01:
FAIR MARKET VALUE	Check one Trust, go to 2 Business Entity, complete the box, then go to 2	City
FAIR MARKET VALUE	GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS ACTIVITY	
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S10,000 - \$10,000 S10,000 S10,	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	-
Over \$100,000	\$1,000 - \$10,000	. 11 1
NATURE OF INVESTMENT Sole Proprietorship Partnership		
Sole Proprietorship Partnership Other Street address or precise location Street address or precise location Partnership Partnersh		Description of Business Activity
BUSINESS POSITION (if applicable) \$1,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$10,000 \$10,00		
BUSINESS POSITION (if applicable) 2. DENTIFY THE GROSS INCOME RECEIVED (INCLUDE YOUR PROBATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST) 3.250 - \$1.000	Sole Proprietorship Partnership Other	III I III III III III III III III III
Over \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED		
Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership \$250 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 OVER \$10,000 OR MORE (effects a separate about if necessary) \$250 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 OVER \$10,000 OR MORE (effects a separate about if necessary) \$250 - \$10,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 OVER \$10,000 \$250 - \$10,000 S1,001 - \$10,000 OVER \$10,000 \$250 - \$10,000 S10,000 OVER \$10,000 OVER \$10,000 \$250 - \$10,000 Si10,000 OVER \$10,000 OVER \$1		
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SZEO - \$1,000	RATA SHARE OF THE GROSS INCOME TO THE ENTITY/TRUST)	Reports Coursellis Co
Leasehold Vrs. remaining Other	\$250 - \$1,000 S1,001 - \$10,000 OVER \$10,000	
ON NORCE (disch a separate sheet if recessary) Other		Leasehold
- 4. (cont.) Check one circle: Check one circle:	OR MORE (attach a separate sheet if necessary)	-
A. INVESTMENTS AND INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY HELD BY THE BUSINESS ENTITY ON TRUST Check one circle: OREAL PROPERTY Street address or precise location OINVESTMENT Name of Business Entity Page of Business Activity FAIR MARKET VALUE \$1,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED TURE OF INTEREST Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership City OINVESTMENT Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership Onher Other		
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Name of Business Entity Description of Business Activity		OINVESTMENT
Description of Business Activity Name of Business Entity FAIR MARKET VALUE \$1,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 \$10,00	Street address or precise location	O INVESTIMENT
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Name of Business Entity FAIR MARKET VALUE	O INVESTMENT	
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Description of Business Activity IR MARKET VALUE	Name of Business Entity	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE LIST DATE.
Over \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED		" /" LIONDEL, LIST DATE.
IR MARKET VALUE	Description of Rusiness Activity	\$10,001 - \$100,000//96/
\$1,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 Over \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED TURE OF INTEREST Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership NATURE OF INTEREST Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership Other	Description of Business Activity	Over \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED
\$1,000 - \$10,000 \$10,001 - \$100,000 Over \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED TURE OF INTEREST Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership Other	IR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	NATURE OF WITTER
Over \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED Leasehold	\$1,000 - \$10,000	
TURE OF INTEREST Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Deed of Trust Stock Partnership
TURE OF INTEREST Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership	OVER \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED	
Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership	TURE OF INTEREST	Yrs. remaining
Lagrapold	Barrage Control of the Control of th	Other
Leasehold Comments:		
Tris, remaining	Partnership	
	Leasehold	Comments

Schedule A-2 (Continuation Sheet for Part 4)

Continuation – Investments, Income and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts

	CALIFORNIA 1996/97 FORM FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COM	
V	Name	

(Ownership Interest is 10% or Greater)

NAME OF BUSINESS ENTITY OR TRUST (From Previous Page)	➤ 4. (cont.) Check one circle:
	O REAL PROPERTY
➤ 4. (cont.) Check one circle:	Street address or precise location
O REAL PROPERTY	City
Street address or precise location	City
Short address of process location	
City	
Oily	O INVESTMENT
	Name of Business Entity
O INVESTMENT	
Name of Business Entity	Description of Business Activity
Description of Business Activity	
	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	1 \$1,000 - \$10,000
\$1,000 - \$10,000	\$10,001 - \$100,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000/	Over \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED
Over \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED	
IATURE OF INVESTMENT	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership	Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership
LeaseholdYrs. remaining	LeaseholdYrs. remaining
Other	Other
4. (cont.) Check one circle:	➤ 4. (cont.) Check one circle:
O REAL PROPERTY	O REAL PROPERTY
Street address or precise location	Street address or precise location
0	2.91
City	City
O INVESTMENT	O INVESTMENT
Name of Business Entity	Name of Business Entity
101	
Description of Business Activity	Description of Business Activity
AIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	FAID MADKET MALVE
\$1,000 - \$10,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$10,001 - \$100,000// <u>96</u> /	\$10,000 - \$10,000//96//96
Over \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED	Over \$100,000 ACQUIRED DISPOSED
ATURE OF MUSEUM	
ATURE OF INVESTMENT Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership	NATURE OF INVESTMENT
Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership	Property Ownership Deed of Trust Stock Partnership
Leasenold	Leasehold
Yrs. remaining	Yrs. remaining
Other	Other
omments:	

INSTRUCTIONS – SCHEDULE B INTERESTS IN REAL PROPERTY

Reportable interests in real property are those located in your agency's jurisdiction (see Appendix), in which you, your spouse, or your dependent children had a direct, indirect, or beneficial interest aggregating \$1,000 or more any time during the reporting period.

Interests in real property include:

- An ownership interest.
- · A beneficial ownership interest.
- A deed of trust.
- An easement.
- · An option to acquire property.
- A leasehold interest (see Appendix).
- A mining lease (e.g., oil, gas, gold).
- An interest in real property held by a business entity or trust in which you, your spouse, or your dependent children had a 10% or greater ownership interest (report on Schedule A-2).

You are not required to report the following:

- Any residence which you utilized exclusively as your personal residence, unless it is also a place of business, e.g., family farm, retail business, or vacation rental (you are required to disclose only the value of that portion of the property which is used in connection with your business activities).
- Interests in real property held through a blind trust (see Appendix).

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE B:

- Report the address or other precise location (e.g., assessor's parcel number) of the real property.
- Check the box indicating the fair market value of your interest in the property (regardless of what you owe on the property).
- If you acquired or disposed of your interest in the property during the reporting period, enter the date acquired or disposed.
- Identify the nature of your interest. If leasehold, also disclose the number of years remaining on the lease.

REMINDERS

- ✓ Do you know your agency's jurisdiction?
- Code filers Does your code require disclosure of real property?

- If you are reporting rental property, check the box indicating the gross rental income you received and, if you had a 10% or greater interest in the rental property, list the name of each tenant if your pro rata share of the gross rental income from that tenant was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period.
- Loans which aggregate \$250 or more and are secured by real property may be reportable. Reportable loans may be disclosed on Schedule B or Schedule D. See instructions for Schedule D for an example and list of exceptions.
 - -- Provide the name and address of the lender.
 - -- Check the box describing the lender's business activity.
 - Disclose the interest rate. For variable interest rate loans, disclose the terms of the loan (e.g., Prime +2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period.
 - -- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
 - -- Identify a guarantor, if applicable.

If you have more than one reportable loan on a single piece of real property, report the additional loan(s) on Schedule D.

Example:

Joe Nelson is a city planning commissioner. Joe received rental income of \$12,000 during the reporting period from a single tenant who rented property he owned in the city's jurisdiction.

If Joe had received the \$12,000 from two or more tenants, the tenants' names would not be required as long as no single source paid \$10,000 or more.

1621 Story Way	
CITY Sacramento, CA 958	14
FAIR MARKET VALUE	IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:
\$1,000 - \$10,000 \$10,000 - \$100,000 \$20,000 - \$100,000	ACQUIRED DISPOSED
NATURE OF INTERES	
Rental Property	Essement
Ownership	_ Deed of Trust
Lacarhold	maining Other
S250-81,000 SOURCES OF RENTA Suzette Jones	L INCOME:
SOURCES OF RENTA	L INCOME:
SOURCES OF RENTA Suzette Jones NAME OF LENDER	
SOURCES OF RENTA Suzette Jones NAME OF LENDER BFF Financial Servappress	
SOURCES OF RENTA Suzette Jones NAME OF LENDER BFF Financial Servappress	rices Sacramento, CA 95814 OF LENDER
SOURCES OF RENTA Suzette Jones NAME OF LENDER BFF Financial Servadoress 6200 Aspen Drive, BUSINESS ACTIVITY Financial Institution Other INTEREST RATE	rices Sacramento, CA 95814 OF LENDER
SOURCES OF RENTA Suzette Jones NAME OF LENDER BFF Financial Ser ADDRESS 6200 A spen Drive, BUSINESS ACTIVITY IF Financial Institution Other INTEREST RATE	Sacramento, CA 95814 OF LENDER

Schedule B

Interests in Real Property

CALIFORNIA 1996/97 FORM FAIR POLITICAL PRACT	700
Name	
Name	

CITY	
Y.C.	CITY
FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE:	FAID MADIET MALE
\$1,000 - \$10,000	FAIR MARKET VALUE IF APPLICABLE, LIST DATE: \$1,000 - \$10,000
\$10,001 - \$100,000	\$10,000 - \$10,000
ATURE OF INTEREST	NATURE OF INTEREST
Rental Property Easement Ownership Deed of Trust Held by You	Rental Property Easement
Leasehold	Ownership Deed of Trust Held by You Deed of Trust Held by You
Yrs. remaining Other	Yrs. remaining Other
F RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$250 - \$1,000	IF RENTAL PROPERTY, GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$250 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 Over \$10,000 SOURCES OF RENTAL INCOME: List each reportable source of rental income of \$10,000 or more
- Early I was identified to the control of the cont	A STOCK BOX OF STOCK STOCK
	THE RESERVE TO THE RE
	<u> </u>
AME OF LENDER	NAME OF LENDER
	the trace and your amount
DDRESS	ADDRESS
JSINESS ACTIVITY OF LENDER	
Financial Institution	BUSINESS ACTIVITY OF LENDER
Other	Financial Institution
	Other
TEREST RATE	INTEREST RATE
% None	%
SHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD	HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD
\$250 - \$1,000	\$250 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 Over \$10,000
	C
Guarantor, if applicable	Guarantor, if applicable
Guarantor, if applicable	Check below if another loan is disclosed on Schedule D. Additional loan – refer to Sch. D.

INSTRUCTIONS - SCHEDULE C INCOME & BUSINESS POSITIONS

(Income Other than Loans, Gifts and Travel Payments)

All filers: Reportable income includes your gross income and your community property interest in your spouse's gross income aggregating \$250 or more received from any source located in or doing business in your agency's jurisdiction (see Appendix). Gross income is the total amount of income before deducting expenses, losses or taxes.

Code filers only: If required under your agency's conflict of interest code, use Schedule C to report the job title or business position you held with a business entity covered by your disclosure category (i.e., if you were a director, officer, partner, trustee, employee, or held any position of management) during the period covered by the report. This requirement applies even if you received no income from the business entity during the period.

Commonly reportable income includes:

- Salary/wages, per diem, reimbursement for expenses.
- Community property interest (50%) in your spouse's income.
- Income received from investment interests (e.g., partnerships) reported on Schedule A-1.
- Commission income not required to be reported on Schedule A-2.
- Gross income from any sale, including the sale of a house or car. The total sale price is reportable regardless of any obligation you might have to pay on loans secured by the item.
- Rental income not required to be reported on Schedule B.
- Prizes or awards not disclosed as gifts.
- Payments received on loans you made to others.
- An honorarium received by any newly appointed official or newly designated employee in the 12 months prior to assuming office, or for a non-incumbent candidate, in the 12 months prior to filing the candidate statement of economic interests. (See the Appendix concerning your ability to receive future honoraria.)

You are not required to report:

- Your salary or your spouse's salary or reimbursement for expenses and per diem from a federal, state or local government agency.
- · Campaign contributions.
- A cash devise or inheritance.
- Dividends, interest, or other return on a security (e.g., stocks, bonds) which is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- · Payments received under an insurance policy.
- Interest, dividends, or premiums on a time or demand deposit in a financial institution, shares in a credit union, an insurance policy, or a bond or other debt instrument issued by a government agency.
- Income of dependent children.

- Alimony or child support payments.
- Payments received under a defined benefit pension plan qualified under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a).

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE C:

- Disclose the name and address of each source of income or each business entity with which you held a business position.
- Provide a general description of the business activity of the source or business entity (e.g., retail sales, law firm).
- Code filers only: If required under your agency's conflict of interest code, disclose the job title or business position, if any, you held with a business entity.
- Check the box indicating the amount of gross income if you received \$250 or more during the reporting period from the source or business entity.
- Identify the consideration for which the income was received.
- If your income is from commission sales, check the box indicating the gross income received and list the name of each source of commission income of \$10,000 or more (see Appendix). If your income is from rental property (and the property is not required to be listed on Schedule B), enter "Rental Income" under "Name", check the box indicating the gross income received, and, if you had a 10% or greater interest in the rental property, list the name of each tenant if your pro rata share of the gross income from that tenant was \$10,000 or more during the reporting period.

You are not required to disclose on Schedule C income reported on Schedule A-2 or B or business positions reported on Schedule A-2.

Example:

Jack West is a legislator and is an insurance agent for Grand Insurance Company. He has no ownership interest in the business. Jack received income of \$50,000 from Grand Insurance Company. He also received commission income of \$11,000 from a single client. He must report Grand Insurance Company. The Commission box must also be checked and the name of the client identified.

REMINDERS

- ✓ Do you know your agency's jurisdiction?
- Was the income received during the period covered by this statement?
- Code filers Your code may require disclosure of income only from specified sources.

Schedule C

Income & Business Positions

(Income Other Than Loans, Gifts and Travel Payments)

CALIFORNIA 1996/97 FORM FAIR POLITICAL PRACT	700
Name	

NAME	➤ NAME
ADDRESS	ADDRESS
2	
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
BUSINESS POSITION, IF APPLICABLE (Code Filers Only)	BUSINESS POSITION, IF APPLICABLE (Code Filers Only)
GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$250 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 Over \$10,000	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$250 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 Over \$10,000
CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED Salary Spouse's income Loan repayment	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED Salary Spouse's income Loan repayment
Sale of(Property, car, boat, etc.)	Sale of(Property, car, boat, etc.)
Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more	(Property, car, boat, etc.) Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or mo
Other	Other
NAME	➤ NAME
DDRESS	ADDRESS
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
USINESS POSITION, IF APPLICABLE (Code Filers Only)	BUSINESS POSITION, IF APPLICABLE (Code Filers Only)
ROSS INCOME RECEIVED	
\$250 - \$1,000	GROSS INCOME RECEIVED \$250 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 Over \$10,000
ONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED Spouse's income Loan repayment	CONSIDERATION FOR WHICH INCOME WAS RECEIVED Salary Spouse's income Loan repayment
Sale of(Property, car, boat, etc.)	Sale of
Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more	(Property, car, boat, etc.) Commission or Rental Income, list each source of \$10,000 or more
Other	Other
ments:	

INSTRUCTIONS – SCHEDULE D INCOME - LOANS (Received or Outstanding)

Loans received or outstanding during the reporting period, which aggregate \$250 or more from a single source located in or doing business in your jurisdiction (see Appendix), are reportable. Because loans are a type of income, your community property interest in loans received by your spouse must also be counted.

Commonly reportable loans include:

- · Real estate loans.
- Margin accounts.
- · Automobile loans and automobile leases.
- Campaign loans secured by your personal assets or for which you are personally liable.

You are not required to report the following:

- Any loan from a commercial lending institution used to purchase, refinance the purchase of, or for improvements to, your <u>principal</u> place of residence, if the loan was made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to the public without regard to your official status. However, loans on other residences may be reportable.
- Loans from a commercial lending institution made in the lender's regular course of business on terms available to the public without regard to your official status which, in the aggregate, did not exceed \$10,000 at any time during the reporting period.
- Any retail installment or credit card debts incurred in the creditor's regular course of business on terms available to the public without regard to your official status if the aggregate amount owed to the creditor did not exceed \$10,000 at any time during the reporting period.
- Any loan from your spouse, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, parent-in-law, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, nephew, niece, aunt, uncle, or first cousin or the spouse of any such person, except that a loan from any such person is reportable if the person is acting as an intermediary or agent for any person not covered by this provision.
- Loans made to others. However, repayments may be reportable on Schedule C.
- A loan you co-signed for another person unless you made payments on the loan during the reporting period.

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE D:

- Provide the name and address of the lender.
- Check the appropriate box describing the lender's business activity.
- Disclose the interest rate. For variable interest rate loans, disclose the terms of the loan (e.g., Prime + 2) or the average interest rate paid during the reporting period.
- Check the box indicating the highest balance of the loan during the reporting period.
- Identify the security, if any, for the loan.

You are not required to disclose on Schedule D loans reported on Schedule A-2 or B.

Example:

Colleen Jones is a city council member. She received an equity loan on her principal place of residence in the amount of \$15,000 from a commercial lending institution which she used to buy an automobile. Colleen must report the equity loan because the loan amount was ove \$10,000 and the money was not used to refinance or improve her principal residence.

REMINDERS

- ✓ Do you know your agency's jurisdiction?
- Did you receive any loans or have loans outstanding during the period covered by this statement?
- Code filers Income includes any loan. Did you receive a loan from an entity or individual required to be reported as a source of income under your code?

Schedule D

Income - Loans

(Received or Outstanding)

CALIFORNIA 1996/97 FORM FAIR POLITICAL PRACT	700
Name	

NAME OF LENDER	NAME OF LENDER			
ADDRESS	ADDRESS			
BUSINESS ACTIVITY OF LENDER Financial Institution	BUSINESS ACTIVITY OF LENDER Financial Institution			
Other	Other			
INTEREST RATE	INTEREST RATE ——————% None			
% None				
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD \$250 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 Over \$10,000	HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD \$250 - \$1,000			
SECURITY FOR LOAN None Automobile Personal residence	SECURITY FOR LOAN None Automobile Personal residence			
Real Property	Real Property			
	Girdel address			
City Guarantor	City			
	Guarantor			
Other	Other			
NAME OF LENDER	➤ NAME OF LENDER			
ADDRESS	ADDRESS			
BUSINESS ACTIVITY OF LENDER Financial Institution	BUSINESS ACTIVITY OF LENDER Financial Institution			
Other	Other			
INTEREST RATE	INTEREST RATE			
% None	% None			
HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD \$250 - \$1,000 Over \$10,000	HIGHEST BALANCE DURING REPORTING PERIOD \$250 - \$1,000 \$1,001 - \$10,000 Over \$10,000			
SECURITY FOR LOAN None Automobile Personal residence	SECURITY FOR LOAN None Automobile Personal residence			
Real Property	Real Property			
	Street address			
City	City			
Guarantor	Guarantor			
Other	Other			

INSTRUCTIONS - SCHEDULE E INCOME - GIFTS

"Gift" means anything of value, for which you have not provided equal or greater value to the donor. A gift is reportable if its fair market value is \$50 or more. In addition, multiple gifts aggregating \$50 or more received during the reporting period from a single source must be reported. Gifts are reportable without regard to where the donor is located.

It is the acceptance of a gift, not the ultimate use to which it is put, that imposes your reporting obligation. Therefore, except as noted below, you must report a gift even if you never used it or if you gave it away to another person.

If the exact amount of a gift is not known, you must make a good faith estimate of the item's fair market value. Listing the value of a gift as "over \$50" or "value unknown" is not adequate disclosure. In addition, if you received a gift through an intermediary, you must disclose the name, address, and business activity of both the donor and the intermediary.

Commonly reportable gifts include:

- Tickets/passes to sporting or entertainment events.
- Tickets/passes to amusement parks.
- · Parking passes.
- Food, beverages, and accommodations, including that
 provided in direct connection with your attendance at a
 convention, conference, meeting, social event, meal or
 like gathering, where you did not give a speech,
 participate in a panel or seminar, or provide a similar
 service.
- Rebates/discounts not made in the regular course of business to members of the public without regard to official status.
- Wedding gifts (see Appendix to determine how to value).
- An honorarium. You may report an honorarium as income on Schedule D, rather than as a gift, if you provided services of equal or greater value than the payment received. (See the Appendix regarding your ability to receive honoraria in the future.)
- Transportation and lodging (see Schedule F).
- Forgiveness of a loan received by you.

REMINDERS

- See the Appendix for gift and honoraria prohibitions.
- Code filers: Income includes any gift. Did you receive a gift from a reportable source?

You are not required to disclose the following:

- Gifts which were not used and which, within 30 days after receipt, were returned to the donor or delivered to a charitable organization without being claimed by you as a charitable contribution for tax purposes.
- Gifts from your spouse, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, parent-in-law, brother-inlaw, sister-in-law, aunt, uncle, niece, nephew, or first cousin or the spouse of any such person, provided that a gift from any such person must be disclosed if the person was acting as an agent or intermediary for a reportable source.
- Gifts of hospitality involving food, drink, or occasional lodging provided in an individual's home when the individual or a member of the individual's family was present.
- Gifts equal in value exchanged between you and an individual, other than a lobbyist, on holidays, birthdays, or similar occasions.
- Gifts of informational material provided to assist you in the performance of your official duties, such as books, pamphlets, reports, calendars, or periodicals.
- A cash devise or inheritance.
- Personalized plaques and trophies with an individual value of less than \$250.
- · Campaign contributions.
- Tickets to a fundraising event for a 501(c)(3) organization.
- Tickets to political fundraisers.
- Gifts given directly to members of your immediate family unless you received direct benefit from the gift or you exercised direction and control over the use or disposition of the gift.
- A pass or ticket which provided a <u>one-time</u> admission to an event (theater performance, sporting event) that was not used and is not transferred to another person. Commission Regulation 18946.1 provides a method for determining the value of a ticket or pass that was used or transferred to another person and for determining the value of a pass or tickets which provide repeated admission to facilities or services.
- Food, beverages, and accommodations provided directly in connection with an event at which you gave a speech, participated in a panel or seminar, or provided a similar service.

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE E:

- Disclose the name and address and business activity, if any, for the source.
- Describe the gift and provide the fair market value of the gift and the date of receipt.

Schedule E

Income Gifts

CALIFORNIA 700	
FAIR POLITICAL PRACTICES COMM.	
Name	

Name

NAME OF SOURCE	== 1=		➤ NAME OF SOURCE		
		# 57			
ADDRESS			ADDRESS		
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY,	OF SOURCE		BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY,	OF SOURCE	
DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	VALUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	VALUE	DATE
	\$			_ \$	/
216	s		_ discrete	\$	/
	. \$	//	Se Inding grape	\$	
NAME OF SOURCE			➤ NAME OF SOURCE		
ADDRESS			ADDRESS	H T	44
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, (OF SOURCE	Total	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY,	OF SOURCE	
OFFICE AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP					
DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	VALUE	DATE .	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	VALUE	DATE
	\$			\$	
	\$			\$	
	\$	//	: -	\$	
AME OF SOURCE			➤ NAME OF SOURCE		
DDRESS			ADDRESS		
USINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, O	FSOURCE		BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, C	F SOURCE	
ESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	VALUE	DATE	DESCRIPTION OF GIFT(S)	VALUE	DATE
	\$			\$	
	\$			\$	
	\$			\$	
omments:			- I		

INSTRUCTIONS — SCHEDULE F INCOME – GIFTS TRAVEL PAYMENTS, ADVANCES AND REIMBURSEMENTS

Reportable travel payments include advances and reimbursements for travel and related lodging and subsistence.

You are <u>not</u> required to disclose the following types of payments:

- Travel payments received from your employer in the normal course of your employment, or from any state, local, or federal government agency for which you provided services equal or greater in value than the payments received.
- Payments or reimbursements for transportation within <u>California</u> in connection with an event at which you gave a speech, participated in a panel or seminar, or performed a similar service.
- Food, beverages, and necessary accommodations received directly in connection with an event held inside or outside California at which you gave a speech, participated in a panel, or provided a similar service. Note that payments for transportation outside of California are reportable.
- A travel payment which was received from a bona fide educational, academic, or charitable organization for which you provided equal or greater consideration.

REMINDERS

- Did you receive travel payments during the period covered by this statement?
- Code filers Travel payments, advances and reimbursements for travel, like gifts, are types of "income." Did you receive travel payments from any individual or entity required to be reported as a source of income under your code?

TO COMPLETE SCHEDULE F:

- Disclose the name and address of the source of the travel payment.
- Identify the business activity, if any, of the source.
- Check the box to indicate if the payment was a gift or income, report the amount, and disclose the date(s) if applicable.
 - Travel payments are gifts if you did not provide services which were equal to or greater in value than the payments received. You must disclose gifts aggregating \$50 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement. Gifts of travel are reportable without regard to where the donor is located.

When reporting travel payments which are gifts, you must provide a description of the gift and the date(s) received.

-- Travel payments are income if you provided services which were equal to or greater in value than the payments received. You must disclose income aggregating \$250 or more from a single source during the period covered by the statement.

When reporting travel payments as income, you must describe the services you provided in exchange for the payment. You are not required to disclose the date(s) for travel payments which are income.

Gifts of travel may be subject to a \$290 gift limit. In addition, certain travel payments are reportable gifts, but are not subject to the gift limit. To avoid possible misinterpretation or the perception that you may have received a gift in excess of the gift limit, you may wish to provide a specific description of the purpose of your travel. See the Commission's Fact Sheet on Gifts. Honoraria and Travel (1/97), which can be obtained from your filing officer or the FPPC at (916) 322-5660.

Schedule F

Income - Gifts

Travel Payments, Advances, and Reimbursements

1		RNIA FORM CAL PRAC	70	
Na	me			

➤ NAME OF SOURCE	➤ NAME OF SOURCE
ADDRESS	ADDRESS
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (check one) Gift Income	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (check one) O Gift O Income
AMT: \$ DATE(S):/	AMT: \$ DATE(S):
NAME OF SOURCE	➤ NAME OF SOURCE
ADDRESS	ADDRESS
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (check one) Gift Income AMT: \$ DATE(S):// (If applicable)	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (check one) O Glift O Income AMT: \$ DATE(S):// DESCRIPTION:
	III prince a prince prince and a contract and a con
NAME OF SOURCE	NAME OF SOURCE
ADDRESS	ADDRESS
CITY AND STATE	CITY AND STATE
BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE	BUSINESS ACTIVITY, IF ANY, OF SOURCE
TYPE OF PAYMENT: (check one) Gift O Income	TYPE OF PAYMENT: (check one) O Glift O Income
MT: \$	AMT: \$ DATE(S):/
DESCRIPTION:	(If applicable) DESCRIPTION:

APPENDIX

The instructions located on the back of each schedule describe the types of interests that must be reported on that particular schedule. The purpose of this Appendix is to explain other terms used in this form that are not defined in the instructions to the schedules or elsewhere.

Assuming Office Date: Your assuming office date is the date you were sworn in, employed, or otherwise authorized to serve in the position.

Business Entity: Any organization or enterprise operated for profit, including a proprietorship, partnership, firm, business trust, joint venture, syndicate, corporation or association.

Code Filer: An individual who has been designated in a state or local agency's conflict of interest code to file statements of economic interests.

Commission Income: "Commission income" means gross payments received as a broker, agent, or salesperson, including insurance brokers or agents, real estate brokers or agents, travel agents or salespersons, stockbrokers, and retail or wholesale salespersons, among others.

You may be required to disclose the names of sources of commission income if your pro rata share of the gross income was \$10,000 or more from a single source during the reporting period. If your spouse received commission income, you would disclose your community property share (50%) of that income, i.e., the names of sources of \$20,000 in gross commission income received by your spouse.

Report commission income as follows:

- If the income was received through a business entity in which you or your spouse had a 10% or greater ownership interest (or you were an independent contractor or agent), use Schedule A-2.
- If the income was received through a business entity in which you or your spouse had no ownership interest or less than a 10% ownership interest, use Schedule C.

The "source" of commission income generally includes all parties to a transaction, and each is attributed the full value of the commission.

For example, you are a partner in Smith and Jones Insurance Company and have a 50% ownership interest in the company. You sold two Businessmen's Insurance Company policies to XYZ Company during the reporting period. You received commission income of \$5,000 from the first transaction and \$6,000 from the second. On Schedule A-2, report your partnership interest in and income received from Smith and Jones Insurance Company in Parts 1 and 2. In Part 3, list both Businessmen's Insurance Company and XYZ Company as sources of \$10,000 or more in commission income.

Note: If your pro rata share of commission income from a single source is \$250 or more, you may be required to disqualify yourself from decisions affecting that source of income, even though you are not required to report it.

Conflict of Interest: A public official or employee has a conflict of interest under the Act when all of the following occur:

- The official makes, participates in, or uses his or her official position to influence a governmental decision;
- It is reasonably foreseeable that the decision will affect the official's economic interest;
- The effect of the decision on the official's economic interest will be material; and
- The effect of the decision on the official's economic interest will be different than its effect on the public generally.

Conflict of Interest Code: The Act requires every state and local government agency to adopt a-conflict of interest code. The code may be contained in a regulation, policy statement, or a city or county ordinance.

An agency's conflict of interest code must designate all officials and employees of, and consultants to, the agency who make or participate in making governmental decisions which could cause conflicts of interest. These individuals are required by the code to file statements of economic interests and to disqualify themselves when conflicts of interest occur.

The disclosure required under a conflict of interest code for a particular designated official or employee should include only the kinds of personal economic interests he or she could significantly affect through the exercise of his or her official duties. For example, an employee whose duties are limited to reviewing contracts for supplies, equipment, materials or services provided to the agency should be required to report only those interests he or she holds which are likely to be affected by the agency's contracts for supplies, equipment, materials or services.

Consultant: Individuals who contract with or whose employers contract with state or local government agencies and who make or participate in making governmental decisions may be required to file Form 700. The obligation to file Form 700 is always imposed on the individual who is providing services to the agency, not on the business or firm which employs the individual.

Designated Employee: An official or employee of a state or local government agency whose position has been designated in the agency's conflict of interest code to file statements of economic interests. Individuals who contract with government agencies (consultants) may also be designated in a conflict of interest code.

Disclosure Category: The section of an agency's conflict of interest code that specifies the types of personal economic interests officials and employees of the agency must disclose on their statements of economic interests. Disclosure categories are usually contained in an appendix or attachment to the conflict of interest code. Contact your agency to get a copy of your disclosure category.

Elected State Officer: Elected state officers include the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Attorney General, Insurance Commissioner,

State Controller, Secretary of State, State Treasurer, Superintendent of Public Instruction, member of the State Legislature, and member of the State Board of Equalization.

Enforcement: The FPPC investigates suspected violations of the Act. Other law enforcement agencies (the Attorney General or district attorney) may also initiate investigations under certain circumstances. If violations are found, the Commission may initiate administrative enforcement proceedings which could result in the imposition of monetary penalties of up to \$2,000 per violation.

Instead of administrative prosecution, a civil action may be brought for negligent or intentional violations by the appropriate civil prosecutor (the Commission, Attorney General or district attorney). In civil actions, the measure of damages for most violations is the amount or value not properly reported.

Persons who violate the conflict of interest disclosure provisions of the Act can also be subject to discipline by their agency, including dismissal.

Finally, a knowing or willful violation of any provision of the Act is a misdemeanor. Persons convicted of a misdemeanor may be disqualified for four years from the date of the conviction from serving as a lobbyist or running for elective office, in addition to other penalties which may be imposed. The Act also provides for numerous civil penalties, including monetary penalties and damages, and injunctive relief from the courts.

Expanded Statement: Some officials or employees may have multiple filing obligations (e.g., a city councilperson who also holds a designated position with a county agency, board or commission). Such officials or employees may complete one "expanded" statement covering the disclosure requirements for all positions and file an originally signed copy with each agency.

_Fair Market Value: When reporting the value of an investment, interest in real property, or gift, you must disclose the fair market value, i.e., what

the item would sell for on the open market. This is particularly important when valuing gifts, because the fair market value of a gift may be different from the amount it cost the donor to provide the gift. For example, the wholesale cost of a bouquet of flowers may be \$10, but the fair market value may be \$25 or more. In addition, there are special rules for valuing free tickets and passes. Call the FPPC for assistance.

Gift and Honoraria Prohibitions:

Gifts:

State and local officials who are listed in Gov. Code Section 87200 (except judges -- see page 2), candidates for those elective offices (including judicial candidates), and officials and employees of state and local government agencies who are designated in a conflict of interest code are prohibited from accepting a gift or gifts aggregating more than \$290 in a calendar year from a single source.

In addition, elected state officers, candidates for elective state offices, and officials and employees of state agencies are subject to a \$10 per calendar month limit on gifts from lobbyists and lobbying firms registered with the Secretary of State.

Honoraria:

State and local officials who are listed in Gov. Code Section 87200 (except judges -- see page 2), candidates for those elective offices (including judicial candidates), and employees of state and local government agencies who are designated in a conflict of interest code are prohibited from accepting any honorarium for any speech given, article published, or attendance at any public or private conference, convention, meeting, social event, meal, or like gathering.

Exceptions:

 Some gifts are not reportable or subject to the gift and honoraria prohibitions, and other gifts may not be subject to the prohibitions but are reportable. For detailed information, see the FPPC <u>Fact Sheet on Gifts</u>, <u>Honoraria</u> and <u>Travel (1/97)</u>. The Fact Sheet can be obtained from your filing officer or the Fair Political Practices Commission at (916) 322-5660.

- The \$290 gift limit and honorarium prohibition do not apply to a part-time member of the governing board of a public institution of higher education, unless the member is also an elected official.
- If you are designated in a state or local government agency's conflict of interest code, the \$290 gift limit and honorarium prohibition are applicable only to sources you would be required to report on your statement of economic interests. However, this exception is not applicable if you also hold a position listed in Gov. Code Section 87200.
- For state agency officials and employees, the \$10 lobbyist/lobbying firm gift limit is applicable only to lobbyists and lobbying firms registered to lobby your agency. This exception is not applicable if you are an elected state officer or a member or employee of the State Legislature.

Judges:

Section 170.9 of the Code of Civil Procedure imposes gift limits on judges and prohibits judges from accepting any honorarium. Section 170.9 is enforced by the Commission on Judicial Performance. The FPPC has no authority to interpret or enforce the Code of Civil Procedure.

Income Reporting: Reporting income under the Act is different than reporting income for tax purposes. The Act requires gross income (the amount received before deducting losses or expenses) to be reported.

The instructions for reporting certain types of income (e.g., business entity income and rental income) refer to your pro rata share of the income received. Your pro rata share is normally based on your ownership interest in the entity or property. For example, if you are a sole proprietor, you must disclose 100% of the gross income received by your business entity on Schedule A-2. If you own 25% of a piece of rental property, you must report 25% of the gross rental income received.

When you are required to report sources of income to a business entity, sources of rental income, or sources of commission income, you are only required to disclose individual sources of income of \$10,000 or more. However, you may be required to disqualify yourself from decisions affecting sources of \$250 or more in income, even though you are not required to report it.

Jurisdiction: A public official or employee required to file statements of economic interests must disclose interests which are located in or doing business in his or her "jurisdiction." (See page 5 of the instructions to determine what your jurisdiction is.)

A business entity is located in or doing business in your jurisdiction if it, a parent or subsidiary, or a related business entity:

- Manufactures, distributes, sells or purchases products or services on a regular basis in the jurisdiction;
- Plans to do business in the jurisdiction;
- Has done business in the jurisdiction within the previous two years;
- Has an interest in real property in the jurisdiction; or
- Has an office in the jurisdiction.

The same criteria are used to determine whether an individual, organization or other entity is located in or doing business in your jurisdiction.

Exception:

 Gifts are reportable regardless of the location of the donor. For example, a state agency official with full disclosure must report gifts from sources located outside of California.

For reporting interests in real property, if your jurisdiction is the state, you must disclose real property located anywhere within the state of California.

For local agencies, an interest in real property is located in your jurisdiction if any part of the property is located in, or within two miles of, the region, city, county, district or other geographical area in which the agency has jurisdiction, or if the property is located within two miles of any land owned or used by the agency.

Leasehold Interest: The term "interest in real property" includes leasehold interests. An interest in a lease on real property is reportable if the value of the leasehold interest is \$1,000 or more. The value of the interest is the total amount of rent owed by you during the reporting period, or on a candidate, assuming office or initial statement, during the prior 12 months.

You are not required to disclose a leasehold interest with a value of less than \$1,000 or a month-to-month tenancy.

Privileged Information: You are not required to disclose on Schedule A-2, Part 3 the name of a person who paid fees or made payments to a business entity if disclosure of the name would violate a legally recognized privilege under California law. For example, a name is protected by attorney-client privilege when facts concerning an attorney's representation of an anonymous client are publicly known and those facts, when coupled with disclosure of the client's identity, might expose the client to an official investigation or to civil or criminal liability.

A patient's name is protected by physician-patient privilege when disclosure of the patient's name would also reveal the nature of the treatment received by the patient because, for example, the physician is recognized as a specialist.

FPPC Regulation 18740 sets out specific procedures that must be followed in order to withhold the name of a source of income.

Public Officials Who Manage Public Investments: Individuals who invest public funds in revenue-producing programs must file Form 700. This includes individuals who direct or approve investment transactions, formulate or approve investment policies and establish guidelines for asset allocations. FPPC Regulation 18720 defines "public officials who manage public investments" to include the following:

 Members of boards and commissions, including pension and retirement boards or commissions, and committees thereof, who exercise responsibility for the management of public investments;

- High-level officers and employees of public agencies who exercise primary responsibility for the management of public investments, such as chief or principal investment officers or chief financial managers; and
- Individuals who, pursuant to a contract with a state or local government agency, perform the same or substantially all the same functions described above.

Retirement Accounts (e.g., deferred compensation, 401(k) and individual retirement accounts (IRAs)): Retirement accounts are reportable only if the funds are invested in reportable items, such as common stock or real estate. Retirement accounts invested in non-reportable items, such as mutual funds, government bonds or deposits in financial institutions, are not reportable. The most common reportable and non-reportable investments are listed on the instructions for Schedule A.

If you have a retirement account that is invested in reportable items, but your funds are pooled with those of other investors and you own less than 10% of the entire fund, you need only disclose the account itself on Schedule A-1. However, if your funds make up 10% of more of the account, you must disclose the account and reportable assets held by the account on Schedule A-2.

For example, you have established a retirement account with four other people. Therefore, you own 20% of the account. The funds are invested in real property located in your jurisdiction. You must disclose the retirement account on Schedule A-2, along with any real property held by the account that is worth \$5,000 or more (i.e., your pro rata share of the real property is worth \$1,000).

Trusts: Investments and interests in real property held by a trust (including a living trust) are reported on Schedule A-2 if you, your spouse, or your dependent children had a 10% or greater interest in the trust and your pro rata share of a single investment or interest in real property was \$1,000 or more.

You have an interest in a trust if you are a <u>maker</u> and:

Can revoke or terminate the trust; or

- Have retained any rights to the income or principal of the trust or retained any reversionary or remainder interest; or
- Have retained any power of appointment including the power to change the beneficiaries;

Or you are a beneficiary and:

- Presently receive income; or
- Have an irrevocable future right to receive income or principal.

Blind Trusts:

If you have a direct, indirect or beneficial interest in a blind trust, you may not be required to disclose your pro rata share of the trust's assets or income. However, the trust must meet certain standards which are set out in FPPC Regulation 18235, and you may be required to disclose assets originally transferred into the blind trust and income from those original assets.

Trustees:

If you are only a trustee, you do not have a reportable interest in the trust.

Wedding Gifts: Wedding gifts must be disclosed if they were received from a reportable source during the period covered by the statement. Gifts valued at \$50 or more are reportable; however, a wedding gift is considered a gift to both spouses equally. Therefore, you would count one-half of the value of a wedding gift to determine if it is reportable and need only report individual gifts with a total value of \$100 or more unless a particular gift can only be used by you or is intended only for your use.

For example, you receive a placesetting of china valued at \$150 from a reportable source (e.g., not a family member) as a wedding gift. Because the value to you is \$50 or more, you must report the gift on Schedule E but may state its value as \$75. Wedding gifts are not subject to the \$290 gift limit, but they are subject to the \$10 lobbyist/lobbying firm gift limit for state officials.



Form 700

Introduction

The Fair Political Practices Commission has issued a new statement of economic interests form that will now be used in lieu of the Forms 721 and 730. The new Form 700 is designed to be "user-friendly." It does not change or reduce the disclosure by public officials or designated employees. However, the form has been streamlined so that information concerning a particular interest may be reported on one schedule, rather than on several schedules as required previously on Forms 721 and 730.

Disclosure

The following are examples on how to report certain interests on the new Form 700:

Jim Bishop, city council member, has a 10% or greater partnership interest in a law firm. The firm also has an interest in real property.

The partnership in the law firm, the income, and the firm's interest in real property can all be reported on Schedule A-2-Investments, Income and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts.

On the Forms 721/730, this information would have been reported on Schedules A, C-1, D and H-3.

Ron White, city council member, owns rental property in his jurisdiction worth \$1,000 or more. He has an outstanding loan on the property and has received rental income over \$10,000.

The rental property, income and loan can all be reported on Schedule B-Interests in Real Property.

On the Forms 721/730, this information would have been reported on Schedules B, D, E and H-3.

Irma Gonzales, member of a local commission, has a 10% or greater interest in an Individual Retirement Account (IRA). The IRA contains reportable investments in various companies.

The investment in the IRA and reportable investments can all be reported on Schedule A-2-Investments, Income and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts.

On the Forms 721/730, this information would have been reported on Schedules A and C-2.

Jan Martin, a designated employee, has a 10% or greater interest in a living trust which holds her personal residence, rental property and common stock.

The living trust, assets held by the living trust, and reportable income can all be reported on Schedule A-2-Investments, Income and Assets of Business Entities/Trusts. As in prior years, a residence utilized exclusively as a personal residence is not reportable.

On the Forms 721/730, this information would have been reported on Schedules C-1, C-2, D and H-3.